**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCIÓN**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use, including first aid and storage and disposal.

**NOTICE:** Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions.

**FIRST AID**

If swallowed
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- **DO NOT** induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**HOTLINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact INFOTRAC for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-535-5053.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**CAUTION.** Harmful if swallowed

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for **Category A** on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:
- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (except for pilots)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions are given for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(6)].

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should:
- Wash hands with plenty of soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

Spray solutions of Habitat® herbicide should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic and plastic-lined steel containers.

Thoroughly clean application equipment, including landing gear, immediately after use of this product. Prolonged exposure of this product to uncoated steel (except stainless steel) surfaces may result in corrosion and failure of the exposed part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) may prevent corrosion.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to plants in water adjacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** apply to water except as specified in this label. Treatment of aquatic weeds may result in oxygen depletion or loss due to decomposition of dead plants. This oxygen loss may cause the suffocation of some aquatic organisms. **DO NOT** treat more than 1/2 of the surface area of the water in a single operation and wait at least 10 to 14 days between treatments. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow aquatic organisms to move into untreated areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. See Directions for Use for additional precautions and requirements.

This pesticide is toxic to vascular plants and must be used strictly in accordance with the drift precautions on the label.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**Habitat** must be used only in accordance with the instructions on the leaflet label attached to the container. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

**NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Noncrop weed control is **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. See the **Product Information** section of this label for a description of noncrop sites.

**DO NOT** enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
Pesticide Storage
DO NOT store below 10° F.
Pesticide Disposal
Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
Container Handling
Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.
Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity < 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.
Triple rinse containers too large to shake (capacity ≥ 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.
Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.
Refillable Container. Refill this container with pesticide only. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. Triple rinse the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.
Triple rinse as follows: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.
When this container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location. This container must only be refilled with a pesticide product. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transport. DO NOT transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, or leaking, or obsolete and not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of container in compliance with state and local regulations.

PRODUCT USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
Applications may be made for the control of undesirable vegetation growing within specified aquatic sites. Aquatic sites consist of standing and flowing water, estuarine/marine, wetland and riparian areas and nonirrigation ditchbanks.
Restrictions
• DO NOT use on food crops.
• DO NOT apply this product within 1/2 mile upstream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water, such as a lake, pond or reservoir.
• DO NOT apply to water used for irrigation except as described in Product Use Precautions and Restrictions section of this label.
• Keep from contact with fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides and seeds.
• DO NOT drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the treated soil may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
• DO NOT side trim desirable vegetation with this product unless severe injury and plant death can be tolerated. Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
• Clean application equipment after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Aquatic Sites
• DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs ae imazapyr (equivalent to 96 fl ozs of Habitat® herbicide) per acre per year.
• Public waters. Application of Habitat® to water can only be made by federal or state agencies, such as Water Management District personnel, municipal officials, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, or those applicators who are licensed or certified as aquatic pest control applicators and are authorized by the state or local government. Treatment to other than non-native invasive species is limited to only those plants that have been determined to be a nuisance by a federal or state government entity.
• Permitting. Consult local state fish and game agency and water control authorities before applying this product to public water. Permits may be required to treat such water.
• Private waters. Applications may be made to private waters that are still, such as ponds, lakes and drainage ditches where there is minimal or no outflow to public waters.
• Aerial application. Aerial application to aquatic sites is restricted to helicopter only.
• Irrigation water. Application to water used for irrigation that results in Habitat® residues >1.0 ppb MUST NOT be used for irrigation purposes for 120 days after application or until Habitat® residue levels are determined by laboratory analysis or other appropriate means of analysis to be 1.0 ppb or less. When applications are made within 500 feet of an active irrigation intake, DO NOT irrigate for at least 24 hours following application to allow for dissipation.

Recreational use of water in treatment area. There are no restrictions on the use of water in the treatment area for recreational purposes, including swimming and fishing.

Livestock use of water in/from treatment area. There are no restrictions on livestock consumption of water from the treatment area.

Precautions for potable water intakes. DO NOT apply Habitat® directly to water within 1/2 mile upstream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond or reservoir. To make aquatic applications around and within 1/2 mile of active potable water intakes, the water intake must be turned off during application and for a minimum of 48 hours after the application. These aquatic applications may be made only in the cases where there are alternative water sources or holding ponds that would permit the turning off of an active potable water intake for a minimum period of 48 hours after the applications.

NOTE: Existing potable water intakes that are no longer in use, such as those replaced by connections to wells or a municipal water system, are not considered to be active potable water intakes.

Quiescent or Slow-moving Waters. In lakes and reservoirs, DO NOT apply Habitat® within one (1) mile of an active irrigation water intake during the irrigation season. Applications less than one (1) mile from an active irrigation water intake may be made during the off-season, provided that the irrigation intake will remain inactive for a minimum of 120 days after application or until Habitat® residue levels are determined by laboratory analysis or other appropriate means of analysis to be 1.0 ppb or less.

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY
In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call:
INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053
In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:
Your local doctor for immediate treatment
Your local poison control center (hospital)
INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053.
Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:
• Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal.
• Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin areas with soap and water.
• Wash clothing before reuse.
• Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.
PRODUCT INFORMATION

Habitat® herbicide is an aqueous solution to be mixed with water and a surfactant and applied as a spray solution to control undesirable vegetation growing within specified aquatic sites. Aquatic sites consist of standing and flowing water, estuarine/marine, wetland, riparian areas and nonirrigation ditchbanks.

Herbicidal Activity. Habitat will control most annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in addition to many brush and vine species with some residual control of undesirable species that germinate above the waterline. Habitat is readily absorbed through emergent leaves and stems and is translocated rapidly throughout the plant with accumulation in the meristematic regions. For maximum activity, weeds should be growing vigorously at the time of application, and the spray solution should include a surfactant (see Adjuvants section for specific use directions). Treated plants stop growing soon after spray application. Chlorosis appears first in the newest leaves, and necrosis spreads from this point. In perennials, the herbicide is translocated into, and kills, underground or submerged storage organs, which prevents regrowth. Chlorosis and tissue necrosis may not be apparent in some plant species until 2 or more weeks after application. Complete kill of plants may not occur for several weeks. Applications of Habitat are rainfast 1 hour after treatment.

Application Methods. Habitat may be selectively applied by using low-volume directed application techniques or may be broadcast applied by using ground equipment, watercraft, or aircraft (aerial applications to aquatic sites must be made by helicopter). In addition, Habitat may also be applied using cut stump, cut stem, and girdle treatment techniques within aquatic sites (see Aerial Application and Ground Application sections for additional details).

PRECAUTIONS FOR AVOIDING INJURY TO NONTARGET PLANTS

Untreated desirable plants can be affected by root uptake of Habitat from treated soil. Injury or loss of desirable plants may result if Habitat is applied on or near desirable plants, on areas where their roots extend, or in locations where the treated soil may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. When making applications along shorelines where desirable plants may be present, caution should be exercised to avoid spray contact with their foliage or spray application to the soil in which they are rooted. Shoreline plants that have roots which extend into the water in an area where Habitat has been applied generally will not be adversely affected by uptake of the herbicide from the water. If treated vegetation is to be removed from the application site, DO NOT use the vegetative matter as mulch or compost on or around desirable species.

Wind Erosion
Avoid treating powdery, dry or light sandy soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.

Spray Drift Requirements

Aerial Application
- Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE SS72) or, if specifically using a spinning atomizer nozzle, applicators are required to use a volume mean diameter (VMD) of 385 microns or greater for release heights below 10 feet. Applicators are required to use a very coarse or coarser droplet size or, if specifically using a spinning atomizer nozzle, applicators are required to use a VMD of 475 microns or greater for release heights above 10 feet. Applicators must consider the effects of nozzle orientation and flight speed when determining droplet size.
- Applicators are required to use upwind swath displacement.
- The boom length must not exceed 60% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter to reduce spray drift.
- Applications with wind speeds less than 3 mph and with wind speeds greater than 10 mph are prohibited.
- Applications into temperature inversions are prohibited.

Ground Boom Application
- Applicators are required to use a nozzle height below 4 feet above the ground or plant canopy and coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE SS72) or, if specifically using a spinning atomizer nozzle, applicators are required to use a volume mean diameter (VMD) of 385 microns or greater.
- Applications with wind speeds greater than 10 mph are prohibited.
- Applications into temperature inversions are prohibited.

ADJUVANTS

Postemergence applications of Habitat require the addition of a spray adjuvant. When making aquatic applications, only spray adjuvants that are approved or appropriate for aquatic use must be utilized.

Nonionic Surfactants. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at the rate of 0.25% volume/volume (v/v) or higher (see manufacturer’s label) of the spray solution (0.25% v/v is equivalent to 1 quart in 100 gallons). For best results, select a nonionic surfactant with an HLB (hydrophilic to lipophilic balance) ratio between 12 and 17 with at least 70% surfactant in the formulated product (alcohols, fatty acids, oils, ethylene glycol or diethylene glycol should not be considered as surfactants to meet the above requirements).

Methylated Seed Oils or Vegetable Oil Concentrates. Instead of a surfactant, a methylated seed oil (MSO) or vegetable-based seed oil concentrate may be used at the rate of 1.5 to 2 pints per acre. When using spray volumes greater than 30 gallons per acre, methylated seed oil or vegetable-based seed oil concentrates should be mixed at a rate of 1% of the total spray volume, or alternatively use a nonionic surfactant as described above. Research indicates that these oils may aid in Habitat deposition and uptake by plants under moisture or temperature stress.

Silicone-based Surfactants. See manufacturer’s label for specific rates. Silicone-based surfactants may reduce the surface tension of the spray droplet allowing greater spreading on the leaf surface as compared to conventional nonionic surfactants. However, some silicone-based surfactants may dry too quickly, limiting herbicide uptake.

Invert Emulsions. Habitat can be applied as an invert emulsion. The spray solution results in an invert (water-in-oil) spray emulsion designed to minimize spray drift and spray runoff, resulting in more herbicide on the target foliage. The spray emulsion may be formed in a single tank (batch plugging) or injected (in-line mixing). Consult the invert chemical label for proper mixing directions.

Other. An antifoaming agent, spray pattern indicator, or drift-reducing agent may be applied at the product labeled rate if necessary or desired.

TANK MIXES

Habitat may be tank mixed with other herbicides. Consult manufacturer’s labels for specific rate restrictions and weeds controlled. Always follow the more restrictive label restrictions and precautions for all products used when making an application involving tank mixes.

AERIAL APPLICATION

All precautions must be taken to minimize or eliminate spray drift. Only helicopters can be used for aquatic applications. DO NOT make applications by helicopter unless appropriate buffer zones can be maintained to prevent spray drift out of the target area. Aerial equipment designed to minimize spray drift, such as a helicopter equipped with a Microfoil™ boom, Thru-Valve™ boom, or raindrop nozzles, must be used and calibrated. Except when applying with a Microfoil boom, a drift control agent may be added at the specified label rate. DO NOT side trim with Habitat unless death of treated tree can be tolerated.

Uniformly apply the specified amount of Habitat in 2 to 30 gallons of water per acre. A foam-reducing agent may be added at the specified label rate, if needed.

IMPORTANT: Thoroughly clean application equipment, including landing gear, immediately after use of this product. Prolonged exposure of this product to uncoated steel (except stainless steel) surfaces may result in corrosion and failure of the exposed part. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) may prevent corrosion.

GROUND APPLICATION

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS

Low-volume Foliar Application

Use equipment calibrated to deliver 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. To prepare the spray solution, thoroughly mix in water 0.5% to 5% Habitat plus surfactant (see the Adjuvants section of this label for specific use directions). A foam-reducing agent may be applied at the specified label rate, if needed. For control of difficult species (see Aquatic Weeds Controlled section for relative susceptibility of weed species), use the higher concentrations of herbicide and/or spray volumes, but DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of Habitat per acre in aquatic sites. Excessive wetting of foliage is not necessary. See Spray Solution Mixing Guide for Low-volume Foliar Applications following for specified volumes of Habitat and water.

For low-volume foliar application, select proper nozzles to avoid overapplication. Proper application is critical to ensure desirable results. Best results are achieved when the spray covers the crown and approximately 70 percent of the plant. The use of an even, flat-fan tip with a spray angle of 40 degrees or less will aid in proper deposition.
Aquatic Weeds Controlled

but species, use the higher concentrations of herbicide and/or spray volumes, at the specified label rate, if needed. For control of difficult species (see directions and rates for surfactants). A foam-reducing agent may be added in water and add a surfactant (see Adjuvants section for specific use directions and rates for surfactants). A foam-reducing agent may be added at the specified label rate, if needed. For control of difficult species (see Aquatic Weeds Controlled chart for relative susceptibility of weed species), use the higher concentrations of herbicide and/or spray volumes, but DO NOT apply more than 6 pints of Habitat per acre in aquatic sites. Uniformly cover the foliage of the vegetation to be controlled, but DO NOT apply to runoff. Excessive wetting of foliage is not necessary.

Cut-surface Application with Dilute and Concentrate Solutions

Habitat may be mixed as either a concentrated or dilute solution. The dilute solution may be used for applications to the cut surface of the stump or to cuts on the stem of the target woody vegetation. Concentrated solutions may be used for applications to cuts on the stem. Use of the concentrated solution permits application to fewer cuts on the stem, especially for large-diameter trees. Follow the application instructions to determine proper application techniques for each type of solution.

- To prepare a dilute solution, mix 8 to 12 fluid ounces of Habitat with 1 gallon of water. The use of a surfactant or penetrating agent may improve uptake through partially callused cambiums.
- To prepare a concentrated solution, mix 2 quarts of Habitat with no more than 1 quart of water.

Cut-stump Treatment

- Dilute Solution. Spray or brush the solution onto the cambium area of the freshly cut stump surface. Ensure that the solution thoroughly wets the entire cambium area (the wood next to the bark of the stump).

Cut-stem (injection, hack and squirt) Treatment

- Dilute Solution. Using standard injection equipment, apply 1 milliliter of solution at each injection site around the tree with no more than 1-inch intervals between cut edges. Ensure that the injector completely penetrates the bark at each injection site.
- Concentrate Solution. Using standard injection equipment, apply 1 milliliter of solution at each injection site. Make at least 1 injection cut for every 3 inches of Diameter at Breast Height (DBH) on the target tree. For example, a 3-inch DBH tree will receive 1 injection cut, and a 6-inch DBH tree will receive 2 injection cuts. On trees requiring more than 1 injection site, place the injection cuts at approximately equal intervals around the tree.

Frill or Girdle Treatment

- Using a hatchet, machete, or chainsaw, make cuts through the bark and completely around the tree to expose the cambium. The cut should angle downward extending into the cambium enough to expose at least 2 growth rings. Using a spray applicator or brush, apply a 25% to 100% solution of Habitat into each cut until thoroughly wet. Avoid applying so much herbicide that runoff to the ground or water occurs.

AQUATIC WEED CONTROL

Habitat may be applied for the control of floating and emergent undesirable vegetation (see the Aquatic Weeds Controlled section) in or near bodies of water that may be flowing, nonflowing, or transient. Habitat may be applied to aquatic sites that include lakes, rivers, streams, ponds, seeps, drainage ditches, canals, reservoirs, swamps, bogs, marshes, estuaries, bays, brackish water, transitional areas between terrestrial and aquatic sites, riparian sites, and seasonal wet areas. See Product Use Precautions and Restrictions section of this label for precautions, restrictions, and instructions on aquatic uses.

Habitat must be applied to the emergent foliage of the target vegetation and has little-to-no activity on submerged aquatic vegetation. Habitat concentrations resulting from direct application to water are not expected to be of sufficient concentration nor duration to provide control of target vegetation. Application should be made in such a way as to maximize spray interception by the target vegetation while minimizing the amount of overspray that enters the water.

Habitat does not control plants that are completely submerged or have a majority of their foliage under water.

Habitat should be applied with surface or helicopter application equipment in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. When applying by helicopter, follow directions under the Aerial Application section of this label; otherwise, refer to the Ground Application section when using surface equipment.

Applications made to moving bodies of water should be made while traveling upstream to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. DO NOT apply to bodies of water or portions of bodies of water where emergent and/or floating weeds do not exist.

When application is to be made to target vegetation that covers a large percentage of the surface area of impounded water, treating the area in strips may avoid oxygen depletion due to decaying vegetation. Oxygen depletion may result in the suffocation of some sensitive aquatic organisms. If oxygen depletion is a concern, treat no more than 1/2 of the surface area of the water in a single operation and wait at least 10 to 14 days between treatments. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow aquatic organisms to move into untreated areas.
Avoid washoff of sprayed foliage by spray boat or recreational boat backwash for 1 hour after application.

Apply Habitat® herbicide at 2 to 6 pints per acre depending on species present and weed density. DO NOT exceed the maximum label rate of 6 pints per acre (1.5 lbs ae/A) per year. Use the higher labeled rates for heavy weed pressure. Consult the Aquatic Weeds Controlled section of this label for specific rates.

Habitat may be applied as a draw-down treatment in areas described above. Apply Habitat to weeds after water has been drained and allow 14 days before reintroduction of water.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**

**Aquatic Weeds Controlled**

Habitat will control the following target species as specified in the Use Rates and Application Directions column of the table. Rates are expressed in terms of product volume for broadcast applications and as a % solution for directed applications including spot treatments. For % solution applications, DO NOT apply more than the equivalent of 6 pints of Habitat per acre.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Use Rates and Application Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emerged (continued)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Taro, wild Dasheen Elephant's ear</em></td>
<td><em>Colocasia esculentum</em></td>
<td>4 to 6 pints/A (1.5% solution) applied in 100 GPA with a high quality “sticker” adjuvant. Ensure good coverage of actively growing emergent foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Water chestnut</em></td>
<td><em>Trapa natans</em></td>
<td>4 to 6 pints/A (1.5% solution) applied in 100 GPA with a high quality “sticker” adjuvant. Ensure good coverage of actively growing emergent foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Water lily</em></td>
<td><em>Nymphaea odorata</em></td>
<td>2 to 3 pints/A (1% solution) applied in 100 GPA water mix. Ensure 100% coverage of actively growing emergent foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Water primrose</em></td>
<td><em>Ludwigia uruguayensis</em></td>
<td>4 to 6 pints/A (1.5% solution). Ensure 100% coverage of actively growing emergent foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Pickerelweed</em></td>
<td><em>Pontederia cordata</em></td>
<td>2 to 3 pints/A (1% solution) applied in 100 GPA water mix. Ensure 100% coverage of actively growing emergent foliage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

(continued)
Aquatic Weeds Controlled (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Use Rates and Application Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Knotweed, Japanese</td>
<td>Polygonum cuspidatum Fallopia japonica</td>
<td>3 to 4 pints/A applied post-emergence to actively growing foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melaleuca Paperbark tree</td>
<td>Melaleuca quinquenervia</td>
<td>For established stands, apply 6 pints/A Habitat® herbicide + 6 pints/A glyphosate + spray adjuvant. For best results, use 4 quarts/A methylated seed oil as an adjuvant. For ground foliar application, uniformly apply to ensure 100% coverage. For broadcast foliar control, apply aerially in a minimum of 2 passes at 10 gallons/A applied cross treatment. For spot treatment, use a 25% Habitat + 25% solution of glyphosate + 1.25% MSO in water applied as a frill or stump treatment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutgrass Kilipopo</td>
<td>Cyperus rotundus</td>
<td>2 pints Habitat + 1 quart/A MSO applied early post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutedge</td>
<td>Cyperus spp.</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints post-emergence to foliage or pre-emergence incorporated, nonincorporated, pre-emergence applications will not control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phragmites Common reed</td>
<td>Phragmites australis</td>
<td>4 to 6 pints/A applied to actively growing green foliage after full leaf elongation. Ensure 100% coverage. If stand has a substantial amount of old stem tissue, mow or burn, allow to regrow to approximately 5 feet tall before treatment. Lower rates will control phragmites in the North; higher rates are needed in the South.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison hemlock</td>
<td>Conium maculatum</td>
<td>2 pints Habitat + 1 quart/A MSO applied pre-emergence to early post-emergence to rosette prior to flowering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purple loosestrife</td>
<td>Lythrum salicaria</td>
<td>1 pint/A applied to actively growing foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reed canarygrass</td>
<td>Phalaris arundinacea</td>
<td>3 to 4 pints/A applied to actively growing foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rose, swamp</td>
<td>Rosa palustris</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints/A applied to actively growing foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian olive</td>
<td>Elaeagnus angustifolia</td>
<td>2 to 4 pints/A or a 1% solution applied to foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saltcedar Tamarisk</td>
<td>Tamarix spp.</td>
<td>Aerial apply 2 quarts Habitat + 0.25% v/v NIS applied to actively growing foliage during flowering. For spot spraying, use 1% solution of Habitat + 0.25% v/v NIS and spray to wet foliage. After application, wait at least 2 years before disturbing treated saltcedar. Earlier disturbance can reduce overall control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smartweed</td>
<td>Polygonum spp.</td>
<td>2 pints/A applied early post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sumac</td>
<td>Rhus spp.</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints/A applied to foliage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swamp morningglory Water spinach Kangkong</td>
<td>Ipomoea aquatica</td>
<td>1 to 2 pints/A Habitat + 1 quart/A MSO applied early post-emergence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torpedo grass</td>
<td>Panicum repens</td>
<td>4 pints/A (1 to 1.5% solution); ensure good coverage to actively growing foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White top Hoary cress</td>
<td>Cardaria draba</td>
<td>1 to 2 pints/A applied in spring to foliage during flowering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willow</td>
<td>Salix spp.</td>
<td>2 to 3 pints/A Habitat applied to actively growing foliage. Ensure good coverage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.